

Bioinorganic chemistry of polyoxometalates: from artificial photosynthesis to the modulation of amyloid beta-peptides aggregation.

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In this talk, I will first present how we have been using POMs in the context of artificial photosynthesis. While transition metal substituted POMs have shown modest ability to directly catalyse the electro-assisted reduction of CO₂, their use as electron reservoir/mediators as proven much more encouraging. A focus on the photoaccumulation of reducing equivalents on an hybrid Dawson type derivative and its use in catalysis will close this first part. Then, the second part of my presentation will describe how polyoxometalates, as all inorganic models of biologically relevant polyphosphate anions, can modulate the aggregation of amyloid beta peptides. The latter plays a critical role in various diseases, and finding tools that help understanding this process is needed. In depth spectroscopic characterization, especially using NMR spectroscopy, allowed us to gain insight into this interaction.